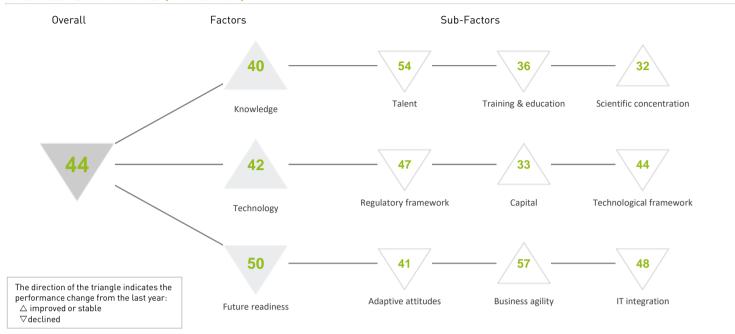
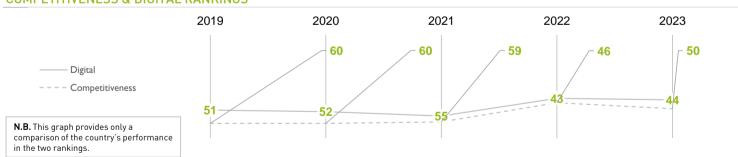
CROATIA

OVERALL PERFORMANCE (64 countries)

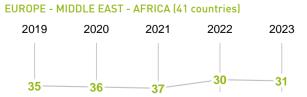


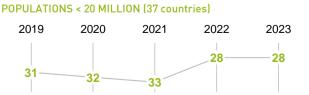
| OVERALL & FACTORS - 5 years | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| OVERALL | 51 | 52 | 55 | 43 | 44 |
| Knowledge | 42 | 41 | 47 | 40 | 40 |
| Technology | 50 | 49 | 50 | 42 | 42 |
| Future readiness | 60 | 62 | 60 | 48 | 50 |

COMPETITIVENESS & DIGITAL RANKINGS



PEER GROUPS RANKINGS





CROATIA

► Overall Top Strengths

○ Overall Top Weaknesses

KNOWLEDGE

| Sub-Factors | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|--------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Talent | 58 | 61 | 61 | 52 | 54 |
| Training & education | 31 | 26 | 42 | 34 | 36 |
| Scientific concentration | 33 | 32 | 34 | 34 | 32 |

| | Talent | Rank |
|------------------|------------------------------------|------|
| | Educational assessment PISA - Math | 36 |
| \triangleright | International experience | 59 |
| | Foreign highly skilled personnel | 56 |
| | Management of cities | 56 |
| | Digital/Technological skills | 28 |
| | Net flow of international students | 53 |

| Training & education | Rank |
|--|------|
| Employee training | 49 |
| Total public expenditure on education | 25 |
| Higher education achievement | 44 |
| Pupil-teacher ratio (tertiary education) | 08 |
| ► Graduates in Sciences | 13 |
| Women with degrees | 45 |

| | Scientific concentration | Rank |
|---|-------------------------------------|------|
| | Total expenditure on R&D (%) | 33 |
| | Total R&D personnel per capita | 35 |
| > | Female researchers | 09 |
| | R&D productivity by publication | 49 |
| | Scientific and technical employment | 34 |
| | High-tech patent grants | 21 |
| | Robots in Education and R&D | 39 |
| | | |

TECHNOLOGY

| Sub-Factors | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Regulatory framework | 59 | 59 | 56 | 46 | 47 |
| Capital | 50 | 43 | 50 | 35 | 33 |
| Technological framework | 41 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 44 |

| | Regulatory framework | Rank |
|------------------|------------------------------------|------|
| | Starting a business | 48 |
| | Enforcing contracts | 23 |
| | Immigration laws | 21 |
| \triangleright | Development & application of tech. | 61 |
| | Scientific research legislation | 52 |
| | Intellectual property rights | 51 |

| 18 |
|----|
| 47 |
| 45 |
| 43 |
| 42 |
| 06 |
| |

| Technological framework | Rank |
|------------------------------|------|
| Communications technology | 31 |
| Mobile broadband subscribers | 24 |
| Wireless broadband | 50 |
| Internet users | 39 |
| Internet bandwidth speed | 57 |
| High-tech exports (%) | 41 |

FUTURE READINESS

| Sub-Factors | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Adaptive attitudes | 51 | 46 | 39 | 40 | 41 |
| Business agility | 62 | 63 | 64 | 58 | 57 |
| IT integration | 57 | 59 | 58 | 44 | 48 |

| | Adaptive attitudes | Rank |
|---|--------------------------------|------|
| | E-Participation | 26 |
| | Internet retailing | 47 |
| | Tablet possession | 31 |
| | Smartphone possession | 18 |
| > | Attitudes toward globalization | 59 |

| | Business agility | Rank |
|---|---------------------------------|------|
| | Opportunities and threats | 49 |
| | World robots distribution | 48 |
| | Agility of companies | 40 |
| | Use of big data and analytics | 53 |
| > | Knowledge transfer | 58 |
| | Entrepreneurial fear of failure | 29 |
| | | |

| \triangleright | IT integration | Rank |
|------------------|------------------------------------|------|
| | E-Government | 39 |
| | Public-private partnerships | 61 |
| | Cyber security | 45 |
| | Software piracy | 43 |
| | Government cyber security capacity | 46 |
| | Privacy protection by law content | 25 |